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9 10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
11 12	DENA GRIFFITH, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No:
13 14	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
15	AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware corporation,	
16	Defendant.	
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|| DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff Dena Griffith ("Plaintiff"), hereby brings this Action against Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. ("Defendant" or "Amazon") for misleading consumers concerning the amounts they must pay for grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market, and upon information and belief and investigation of counsel alleges as follows:

#### I. <u>JURISDICTION AND VENUE</u>

- 1. This Court has original jurisdiction over this action under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"), 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d). Defendant is a citizen of a state different from that of the Plaintiff, the putative class size is greater than 100 persons, and the amount in controversy in the aggregate for the putative Class exceeds the sum or value of \$5 million exclusive of interest and costs.
- 2. This Court has both general and specific personal jurisdiction over the Defendant because Defendant has conducted and continues to conduct substantial business in the State of Washington and in King County, Washington.
- 3. This Court has specific personal jurisdiction arising from Defendant's decision to conduct business in Washington. Defendant has sufficient minimum contacts with this State and sufficiently avails itself to the markets of this State to render the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court reasonable. Defendant maintains its corporate headquarters in the state of Washington.
- 4. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendant resides in this District.

#### II. PARTIES

- 5. Defendant Amazon is the world's largest online marketplace. It is a Delaware corporation that is headquartered at 410 Terry Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109-5210.
- 6. Plaintiff Dena Griffith is a citizen of the State of California who resides in Riverside County, California.

#### III. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- A. Amazon Advertises that Its Prime Members Will Receive "Free Delivery" and "Free 2-Hour Grocery Delivery"
- 7. Amazon offers a service called Amazon Prime, which is a paid subscription service that gives users access to additional services otherwise unavailable or available at a premium to other Amazon customers. Amazon Prime services include same, one or two-day delivery of goods and streaming music, video, e-books, gaming and grocery shopping services. In April 2021, Amazon reported that Prime had more than 200 million subscribers worldwide.<sup>1</sup>
- 8. Amazon charges its customers approximately \$14.99 per month or \$139 per year for an Amazon Prime membership.
- 9. One of the advertised benefits of Amazon Prime is that members will receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery," including grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market. Amazon makes these representations on the Amazon website and in television and print advertisements. Below are representative examples of advertisements from Amazon's website:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Amazon Prime Tops 200 Million Members, Jeff Bezos Says, VARIETY, available at <a href="https://variety.com/2021/digital/news/amazon-prime-200-million-jeff-bezos-1234952188/">https://variety.com/2021/digital/news/amazon-prime-200-million-jeff-bezos-1234952188/</a> (last visited June 6, 2022).

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### FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery

Free ultrafast delivery on groceries and household essentials



Shop a wide selection of groceries including fresh foods and produce with free two-hour delivery from Fresh and your local Whole Foods Market. Available in select US cities

- Go to amazon.com/grocery to learn more
- Meet minimum order amount\*
- Checkout using your existing Amazon account
- \* Threshold amount may vary

### Check out what's included:



#### Fast, free delivery

Enjoy fast, free delivery, just for being a Prime member - including 2-hour delivery on thousands of items!



#### Popular movies and shows

New releases. Award-winning Amazon Originals. Watch what you love on your favorite devices.



1 Join Prime 2 3 FREE One-Day Delivery Get items the next day 4 5 6 7 Available on more than ten million products, with 8 no minimum purchase. Receive orders by 9 p.m the next day. Filter by "Get it tomorrow" when 9 shopping. Selection and order cutoff varies by Look for the One-Day logo 10 Add eligible items to your cart. Select delivery option at checkout. 11 LEARN MORE 12 13 14 В. Amazon's "Free Delivery" Advertisements Are False and Misleading Because 15 Amazon Charges a \$9.95 Service Fee for Grocery Deliveries from Whole Foods 16 Market 17 10. Whole Foods Market is a supermarket chain that is popularly known for its selections of 18 organic foods. Whole Foods has approximately 500 stores in North America. In August of 2017, 19 Amazon acquired Whole Foods Market and continues to own Whole Foods Market. 20 11. Amazon offers its prime members 2-hour grocery delivery from Whole Foods Market. 21 22 23 24 BORDE LAW PLLC COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION 600 Stewart Street, Suite 400



# Pickup and delivery

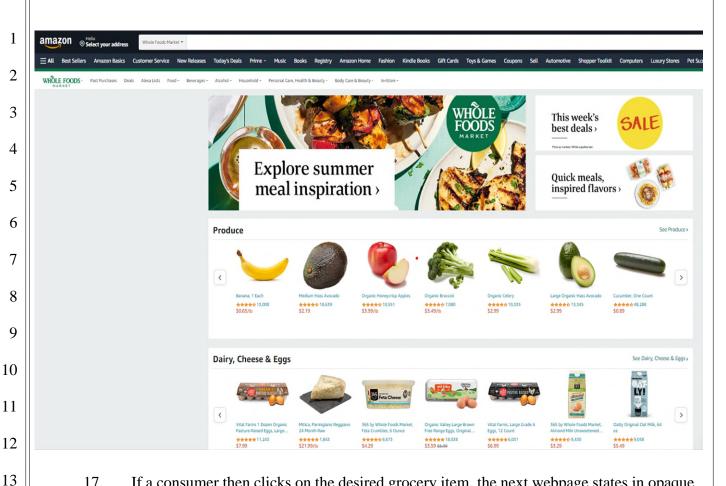
Prime members get convenient 2-hour grocery delivery and 1-hour pickup from their local store (available in select cities). Learn more and find frequently asked questions <a href="https://example.com/hem2">hem2</a>.

### Start a delivery or pickup order

- 12. Amazon advertises that its Prime members will receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery," including for grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market. This is false.
- 13. In approximately October of 2021, Amazon began charging its customers—including its Prime member customers— a \$9.95 "service fee" for all grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market.<sup>2</sup> Accordingly, Amazon's representations that Prime members will receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery" are false, misleading, and likely to deceive a reasonable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Amazon slaps a \$9.95 fee on Whole Foods deliveries. And Walmart pounces, CNN, available at https://www.cnn.com/2021/10/28/business/walmart-amazon-prime-fee/index.html (last visited June 6, 2022).

consumer. 1 14. Amazon's \$9.95 "service fee" is in essence a hidden delivery fee. In fact, the service fee 2 was "put in place to help cover delivery operating costs like equipment and technology without raising 3 product prices." Amazon customers are only charged the \$9.95 "service fee" for Whole Foods grocery deliveries. If a customer instead choses to pick up the items in-store, then that customer will not be 5 charged the service fee. 6 C. Amazon Engages in Bait-and-Switch Advertising by Not Disclosing the \$9.95 7 Service Fee with the Advertised Price of the Whole Foods Grocery Items 8 15. In addition to Amazon's false representations that Prime members will receive "FREE 9 Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery," Amazon engages in a bait-and-switch advertising 10 scheme by not disclosing the \$9.95 service fee along with the advertised price of the Whole Foods 11 grocery items. 12 16. The first page of the Whole Foods delivery section on Amazon's website displays various 13 grocery items alongside the advertised price of the items. For example, the advertised price of Whole 14 Foods Feta Cheese is \$4.29. Nowhere on this initial webpage is the \$9.95 service fee disclosed as shown 15 below: 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23  $^3$  *Id*. 24 BORDE LAW PLLC COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION



17. If a consumer then clicks on the desired grocery item, the next webpage states in opaque text "\$9.95 for 2-hour delivery." This text is in small font and is unlikely to be noticed by a reasonable consumer. Moreover, the text is in smaller font and in a different color than the advertised price of the grocery item as shown below:

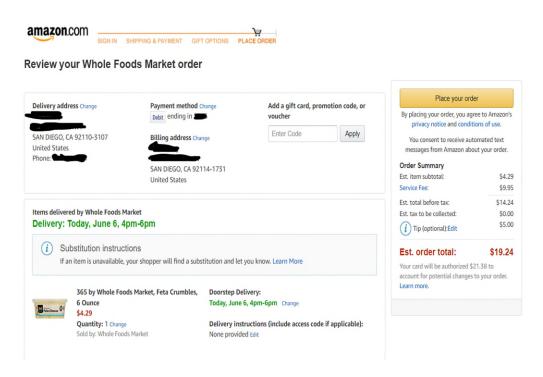


COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL - 7 -

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18. Once the consumer clicks on the "add to cart" icon, there is a series of webpages asking for payment and delivery information before the consumer arrives at the final "place your order" page. On the "place your order" page, the service fee is shown in small text above the total price of the delivery that is unlikely to be noticed by a reasonable consumer. Moreover, Amazon also includes a \$5 tip that is shown in small text above the total price of the delivery that is unlikely to be noticed by a reasonable consumer. Although the tip is "optional," reasonable consumers would not notice that the \$5 tip has been added by default. Amazon's "place order" page is shown below:



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19. Amazon's practice of initially advertising only part of a price and then later revealing the service fee as the consumer completes the buying process has been labeled "drip pricing" by the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC").<sup>4</sup> Amazon uses drip pricing to bamboozle consumers using the tried and true classic, and unlawful, bait advertising scheme.<sup>5</sup> Again, Amazon advertises groceries from Whole Foods at a certain price and then tacks on a mandatory "service fee" later in the ordering process after the consumer is already invested in the ordering process.

#### D. Plaintiff's Experience

- 20. Plaintiff Dena Griffith is an Amazon Prime member who read and relied on Amazon's online advertisements that Prime members will receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery."
- 21. On January 22, 2022, Plaintiff made an online order for a Whole Foods grocery delivery from the Amazon website and was charged a \$9.95 service fee.
- 22. Plaintiff Griffith was deceived by and relied upon Defendant's misleading bargain and bait advertising, and specifically the hidden and deceptive nature of the service fee and the fact that Amazon advertises that Prime members will receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery." Plaintiff purchased grocery items from Defendant in reliance on the false and deceptive bargain and bait advertising and without knowledge of the true amount being charged based on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See The Economics of Drip Pricing, FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION, available a <a href="https://www.ftc.gov/news-events/events/2012/05/economics-drip-pricing">https://www.ftc.gov/news-events/events/2012/05/economics-drip-pricing</a> (last visited June 6, 2022).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> "Bait advertising is an alluring but insincere offer to sell a product or service which the advertiser in truth does not intend or want to sell. Its purpose is to switch consumers from buying the advertised merchandise, in order to sell something else, usually at a higher price or on a basis more advantageous to the advertiser. The primary aim of a bait advertisement is to obtain leads as to persons interested in buying merchandise of the type so advertised." 16 CFR § 238.0.

Defendant's deceptive advertising and buried service fee.

- 23. Plaintiff, as a reasonable consumer, is not required to scrutinize advertisements to ferret out misleading facts and omissions, ascertain whether Defendant's pricing includes or excludes a service fee. In fact, Plaintiff is lawfully entitled to rely on statements that Defendant deliberately places on its website that Prime members will receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery."
- 24. Because Plaintiff reasonably assumed that her grocery delivery order would conform to the advertised price and be free of unlawful or hidden charges, when it was not, she did not receive the benefit of her purchase. Instead of receiving the benefit of a free delivery as advertised, Plaintiff paid a \$9.95 service fee.
- 25. Plaintiff would not have placed her online grocery order, and would not have paid as much as she had for the grocery order, in the absence of Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions. Had Defendant not violated Washington and California law, Plaintiff would not have been injured as she was. Plaintiff was also unable, and will not be able in the future, to effectively compare grocery delivery prices when purchasing from Amazon's website due to Amazon's initial deception of advertising grocery prices that are less than what a consumer will ultimately pay. Plaintiff has suffered a concrete, tangible, injury in fact caused by Defendant's wrongful acts and omissions.
- 26. Plaintiff and the Class have lost money as a result of Defendant's unlawful behavior. Plaintiff and the Class altered their position to their detriment and suffered loss in an amount equal to the deceptively advertised service fees they paid for Whole Foods grocery deliveries.
- 27. Plaintiff intends to, seeks to, and will purchase Whole Foods grocery deliveries from the Amazon website again when she can do so with the assurance that the advertising of free delivery is lawful.

### IV.

# **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated pursuant

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to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(a), 23(b)(2), and 23(b)(3).

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#### 29. The Nationwide Class is defined as follows:

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All U.S. citizens who were Amazon Prime members that were charged a service fee in connection with an online delivery from Whole Foods Market from August 1, 2021 until the date notice is disseminated to the class, excluding Defendant and Defendant's officers, directors, employees, agents and affiliates, and the Court and its staff.

30. The California Class is defined as follows:

All California residents who were Amazon Prime members that were charged a service fee in connection with an online delivery from Whole Foods Market from August 1, 2021 until the date notice is disseminated to the class, excluding Defendant and Defendant's officers, directors, employees, agents and affiliates, and the Court and its staff.

- 31. The proposed Classes meet all criteria for a class action, including numerosity, commonality, typicality, predominance, superiority, and adequacy of representation.
- 32. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained as a class action against Defendant. While the exact number and identities of other Class Members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time, Plaintiff is informed and believes that there are hundreds of thousands of Members in the Class. The Members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all Members is impracticable and the disposition of their claims in a class action rather than in individual actions will benefit the parties and the courts.
- 33. The proposed Classes satisfy typicality. Plaintiff's claims are typical of and are not antagonistic to the claims of other Class members. Plaintiff and the Class members all purchased Whole

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1	d Whathan Dafan dant's and dust constituted a violation of Colifornia's Unfair Commetition I and		
2	d. Whether Defendant's conduct constituted a violation of California's Unfair Competition Lav		
3	e. Whether Defendant's conduct constituted a violation of California's Consumer Leg		
4	Remedies Act;		
5	f. Whether the Class is entitled to restitution, rescission, actual damages, punitive damage		
6	attorney fees and costs of suit, and injunctive relief; and		
7	g. Whether members of the Class are entitled to any such further relief as the Court deen		
8	appropriate.		
9	39. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class, has no interests that		
10	are incompatible with the interests of the Class, and has retained counsel competent and experienced in		
11	class litigation.		
12	40. Defendant has acted on grounds applicable to the entire Class, making final injunctive		
13	relief or declaratory relief appropriate for the Class as a whole.		
14	41. Class treatment is therefore appropriate under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23.		
15	42. Class damages will be adduced and proven at trial through expert testimony and other		
16	competent evidence, including evidence exclusively in Defendant's possession.		
17	V. <u>CAUSES OF ACTION</u>		
18	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION		
19	VIOLATIONS OF THE WASHINGTON CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT		
20	RCW 19.86.010 ET SEQ.		
21	43. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set		
22	forth in full herein.		
23	44. The Washington Consumer Protection Act ("WCPA") makes unlawful to commit		
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"[u]nfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce." REV. CODE WASH. ANN. § 19.86.020. The WCPA provides a private right of action for "[a]ny person who is injured in his or her business or property" by violations of the Act. REV. CODE WASH. ANN. 19.86.090.

- 45. In the course of the Defendant's business, it knowingly and intentionally failed to disclose and actively concealed material facts and made false and misleading statements regarding its service fee for grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market.
- 46. Defendant's actions as set forth above occurred in the conduct of trade or commerce, and constitute unfair or deceptive trade practices under the WCPA. Defendant's actions impact the public interest because Plaintiff was injured in exactly the same way as thousands of others who paid a service fee for grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market as a result of Defendant's generalized course of deception. Defendant's conduct has the capacity to, and has actually caused injury not only to Plaintiff, but to thousands of others in Washington and around the country.
- 47. Plaintiff and the Class relied upon and were deceived by the Defendant's unfair and deceptive misrepresentations of material fact in deciding to enter into contracts or continue doing business with Defendant. Buyers such as Plaintiff and members of the Class would have acted differently knowing that the Defendant charges a service fee in connection with grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market. Plaintiff and members of the Class would have wanted to know, as would any reasonable person, that the Defendant charges a service fee in connection with grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market and this information would have changed their and any reasonable customer's decision to purchase Defendant's grocery delivery service.
- 48. Plaintiff and the Class were injured as a result of the Defendant's conduct, and suffered ascertainable monetary loss.

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1	49. Plai	ntiff seeks an award of actual damages, treble damages, attorney's fees and costs as	
2	permitted by the WCPA. REV. CODE WASH. ANN. § 19.86.090.		
3	50. Pur	suant to WASH. REV. CODE. ANN. § 19.86.095, Plaintiff will serve the	
4	Washington Attorney General with a copy of this complaint as Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief.		
5	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION		
6	VIOLATIONS OF THE CONSUMERS LEGAL REMEDIES ACT		
7	CAL. CIV. CODE §§ 1750 ET SEQ.		
8	51. Plai	ntiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set	
9	forth in full herein.		
10	52. The	CLRA prohibits unfair or deceptive practices in connection the sale of goods or	
11	services to a consumer.		
12	53. Moi	reover, the CLRA is meant to be "[c]onstrued liberally and applied to promote its	
13	underlying purposes, which are to protect consumers against unfair and deceptive business practic		
14	and to provide efficient and economical procedures to secure such protection." Civil Code Section 176		
15	inter alia.		
16	54. The	online grocery deliveries from Whole Foods Market that Amazon provides are	
17	"Services" as defined by the CLRA. The Whole Foods grocery items are also "Goods" as defined by		
18	the CLRA.		
19	55. Plai	ntiff and the Class Members are "Consumers" as defined by the CLRA.	
20	56. Each	h of the purchases made by the Plaintiff and the Class Members from the Defendant	
21	were "Transactions	"as defined by the CLRA.	
22	57. Am	azon's false and misleading pricing practices and other policies, acts, and practices	
23	described herein w	ere designed to, and did, induce Plaintiff's and Class Members' purchases of Whole	
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70.	Amazon profited from its sales of the falsely and deceptively advertised grocery delivery
service to un	wary consumers.
71.	As a result, pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17535, Plaintiff and Class Members
are entitled t	o injunctive and equitable relief and restitution.
	FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
	VIOLATIONS OF THE UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW
	CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §§ 17200 ET SEQ.
72.	Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if se
forth in full l	nerein.
73.	The UCL prohibits any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice." Cal
Bus. & Prof.	Code § 17200.
74.	The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures of Amazon as
alleged herei	in constitute business acts and practices.
	FRAUDULENT
75.	A statement or practice is fraudulent under the UCL if it is likely to deceive the public
applying a re	easonable consumer test.
76.	As set forth herein, Amazon's claims relating to the online marketing of its grocery
delivery serv	vices are likely to deceive reasonable consumers and the public.
	UNLAWFUL
77.	The acts alleged herein are "unlawful" under the UCL in that they violate at least the
following lav	ws:
•	The False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500 et seq.; and
•	The Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750 et seq. [5]
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**UNFAIR** 1 78. Amazon's conduct with respect to the advertising and sale of its grocery delivery service 2 was unfair because Amazon's conduct was immoral, unethical, unscrupulous, or substantially injurious 3 to consumers and the utility of its conduct, if any, does not outweigh the gravity of the harm to its victims. 5 79. Amazon's conduct with respect to the advertising and sale of its grocery delivery service 6 was also unfair because it violated public policy as declared by specific statutory or regulatory 7 provisions, including but not limited to the False Advertising Law. 8 80. Amazon's conduct with respect to the advertising and sale of its grocery delivery service 9 was also unfair because the consumer injury was substantial, not outweighed by benefits to consumers 10 or competition, and not one consumers themselves could reasonably have avoided. 11 81. Amazon profited from the sale of its falsely, deceptively, and unlawfully advertised 12 grocery delivery service to unwary consumers. 13 82. Plaintiff and Class Members are likely to be damaged by Amazon's deceptive trade 14 practices, as Amazon continues to disseminate, and is otherwise free to continue to disseminate 15 misleading information. Thus, injunctive relief enjoining this deceptive practice is proper. 16 83. Amazon's conduct caused and continues to cause substantial injury to Plaintiff and the 17 other Class Members, who have suffered injury in fact as a result of Amazon's fraudulent, unlawful, 18 and unfair conduct. 19 84. In accordance with Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203, Plaintiff, on behalf of herself, Class 20 Members, and the general public, seeks an order enjoining Amazon from continuing to conduct business 21 through unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent acts and practices, and to commence a corrective advertising 22 campaign. 23 24 BORDE LAW PLLC COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION

or money had and received to be determined at trial. 1 SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION 2 NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION 3 94. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set 4 forth in full herein. 5 95. Defendant represented that Prime members would receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 6 2-Hour Grocery Delivery" when, in fact, Prime members would not receive free grocery delivery 7 because Defendant charges a mandatory service fee. 8 96. The misrepresentations concerned material facts about the price of Defendant's grocery 9 delivery service that influenced Plaintiff and the Class Members to purchase the delivery service. 10 97. At the time Defendant made the misrepresentations, Defendant knew or should have 11 known that the misrepresentations were false or Defendant made the misrepresentations without 12 knowledge of their truth or veracity. 13 98. Plaintiff and the class members reasonably, justifiably, and detrimentally relied on the 14 misrepresentations and, as a proximate result thereof, have and will continue to suffer damages in the 15 form of lost money from the payment of the service fee. 16 SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION 17 CONCEALMENT/ NON-DISCLOSURE 18 99. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set 19 forth in full herein. 20 100. Defendant knew at the time of sale that it had falsely represented the actual price of the 21 grocery delivery service that consumers would pay upon checkout. 22 101. Defendant fraudulently concealed from and/or intentionally failed to disclose to Plaintiff 23 24 BORDE LAW PLLC

109. Plaintiff and Class Members suffered a loss of money as a result of Defendant's false information because they would not have purchased the grocery delivery service, or would not have paid as much for the grocery delivery service, if the truth concerning Defendant's Misrepresentations had been known.

#### **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### **FRAUD**

- 110. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set forth in full herein.
- 111. Defendant willfully, falsely, and knowingly misrepresented that Prime members would receive "FREE Delivery" and "FREE 2-Hour Grocery Delivery." The Misrepresentations were communicated to Plaintiff and the Class Members through Amazon's website.
- 112. At all relevant times, Defendant knew that it had misrepresented the advertised price for its grocery delivery service because Defendant knew it was charging an additional service fee upon checkout without disclosing this fee to Plaintiff and the Class Members.
- 113. Defendant's misrepresentations were made with the intent that the general public, including Plaintiff and the Class Members, would rely upon it. Defendant's Misrepresentations were made with knowledge of the falsity of such statements, or in reckless disregard of the truth thereof.
- 114. Plaintiff and the class members' reliance upon Defendant's misrepresentations was reasonable. The hidden service fee charged by Defendant is latent and not something that Plaintiff or the class members, in the exercise of reasonable diligence, could have discovered independently prior to purchase.
- 115. In actual and reasonable reliance upon the Misrepresentations, Plaintiff and the Class Members purchased Defendant's grocery delivery service. Plaintiff and the Class members suffered a

1	loss of money as a result of Defendant's intentional misrepresentations because they would not have		
2	purchased the grocery delivery service, or would have paid less for the grocery delivery service, if t		
3	truth concerning Defendant's Misrepresentations had been known.		
4	VI. <u>PRAYER FOR RELIEF</u>		
5	Wherefore, Plaintiff, on behalf of herself, all others similarly situated, and the general publi		
6	prays for judgment against Defendant as to each and every cause of action, and the following remedie		
7	(a) An Order declaring this action to be a proper class action, appointing Plaintiff as cla		
8	representative, and appointing her undersigned counsel as class counsel;		
9	(b) An Order requiring Amazon to bear the cost of class notice;		
10	(c) An Order enjoining Amazon from engaging in the unfair, unlawful, and decepti		
11	business practices and false advertising complained of herein;		
12	(d) An Order compelling Amazon to conduct a corrective advertising campaign;		
13	(e) An Order compelling Amazon to recall and destroy all misleading and deceptive		
14	advertising materials;		
15	(f) An Order requiring Amazon to disgorge all monies, revenues, and profits obtained by		
16	means of any wrongful act or practice;		
17	(g) An Order requiring Amazon to pay restitution to restore all funds acquired by means o		
18	any act or practice declared by this Court to be an unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practic		
19	untrue or misleading advertising, plus pre-and post-judgment interest thereon;		
20	(h) An Order requiring Amazon to pay all actual damages, treble damages, and statutor		
21	damages permitted under the causes of action alleged herein;		
22	(i) An award of attorneys' fees and costs; and		
23	(j) Any other and further relief that Court deems necessary, just, or proper.		
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1	VII.	JURY DEMAND
2	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.	
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4	DATED this 7th day of June 2022.	
5	British and you day or valle 2022.	BORDE LAW PLLC
6		
		By: <u>s/ Manish Borde</u> Manish Borde, WSBA #39503
7		600 Stewart St., 400 Seattle, WA 98101
8		Telephone: (206) 531-2722 Email: mborde@bordelaw.com
9		Zinan. moorde e oordeiaw.com
10		
11		LAW OFFICES OF RONALD A. MARRON
12		By: <u>s/ Ronald A. Marron</u> Ronald A. Marron ( <i>pro hac vice</i> forthcoming)
13		Michael T. Houchin (pro hac vice forthcoming) Lilach Halperin (pro hac vice forthcoming)
		lilach@consumersadvocates.com
14		651 Arroyo Drive San Diego, CA 92103
15		Telephone: (619) 696-9006 Fax: (619) 564-6665
16		Email: ron@consumersadvocates.com
17		mike@consumersadvocates.com lilach@consumersadvocates.com
18		ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF and the
19		Proposed Classes
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	COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION	BORDE LAW PLLC 600 Stewart Street, Suite 400

COMPLAINT- CLASS ACTION DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL - 25 -

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